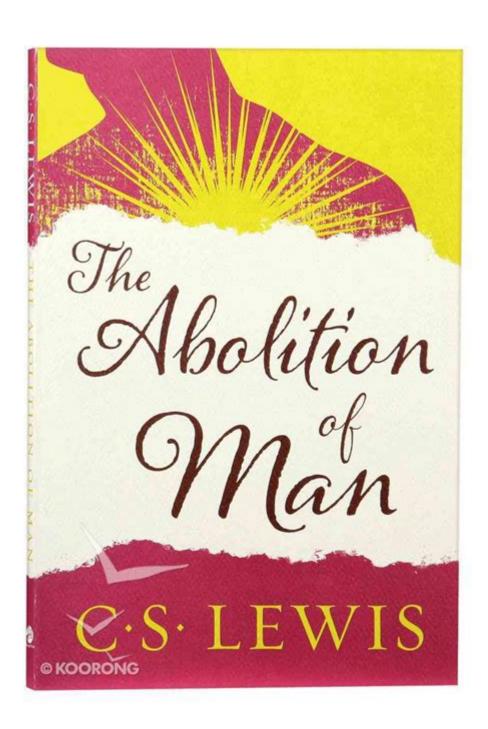
Abolition Of Man



The Abolition of Man: A Critical Examination of C.S. Lewis's Warning

Introduction:

C.S. Lewis's chillingly prescient work, The Abolition of Man, isn't just a philosophical treatise; it's a warning echoing across decades, resonating ever more urgently in our technologically advanced

world. This post delves into the core arguments of Lewis's essay, exploring his concerns about the erosion of objective morality and the potential dangers of a humanity stripped of its inherent value. We'll examine his concept of "Tao," the underlying moral law, and dissect his critique of modern education's contribution to this alarming trend. Prepare to engage with a provocative and timeless discussion that challenges our understanding of humanity itself.

The Threat of Subjectivism: Redefining Good and Evil

Lewis's central thesis revolves around the dangers of subjectivism, the belief that morality is purely a matter of personal opinion, with no inherent or objective truth. He argues that the progressive devaluation of traditional moral values, fueled by a flawed approach to education, is leading to the "abolition of man" – not necessarily in a literal sense, but in the annihilation of what makes us truly human. He identifies this as the erosion of our capacity for objective judgment, replacing it with a relativistic view where anything goes. This isn't merely a philosophical debate; it has profound implications for the future of society and the very essence of human dignity.

The Corruption of Education: Manufacturing the "Conditioned Man"

Lewis criticizes the prevailing educational methodologies of his time (and arguably, many of today's), which he sees as promoting a form of "conditioned man." This approach emphasizes subjective experience over objective truth, encouraging students to view moral judgments as mere expressions of emotion or social conditioning rather than reasoned conclusions based on a shared understanding of good and evil. By systematically dismantling traditional moral frameworks, Lewis argues, these methodologies are unwittingly paving the way for a future where moral judgments are rendered meaningless.

The "Men Without Chests": A Lack of Moral Backbone

Lewis uses the evocative metaphor of "men without chests" to describe the individuals produced by this flawed educational system. The "chest," representing the seat of emotions and moral sentiments, is underdeveloped, leaving individuals devoid of the intuitive understanding of right and wrong that guides human behavior. These individuals, while intellectually capable, lack the essential moral compass to navigate the complexities of life, becoming vulnerable to manipulation and the dictates of those in power.

The Tao: An Inherent Moral Order

Against the backdrop of this destructive subjectivism, Lewis introduces the concept of the "Tao." He doesn't define it as a specific religion or ideology, but rather as a universal, intuitive understanding of moral principles that transcends cultural differences. It's the common ground of human experience, a shared sense of right and wrong reflected in diverse traditions and cultures throughout history. The Tao isn't a set of rules imposed from above, but rather an inherent understanding of human flourishing and the conditions necessary for a just and ordered society.

The Rejection of the Tao: The Path to Destruction

Lewis's central concern is the systematic rejection of the Tao in the name of progress and scientific advancement. He argues that by dismissing this inherent moral framework, we risk losing our bearings, creating a vacuum that allows for the rise of ideologies that prioritize power and control over human well-being. The consequences, he warns, are far-reaching and potentially catastrophic.

The Power of Manipulation and the Rise of Totalitarianism

One of the most chilling aspects of Lewis's argument is his exploration of the implications of a society devoid of objective morality. Without a shared understanding of good and evil, individuals become vulnerable to manipulation by those in power. Totalitarian regimes, he suggests, thrive in such an environment, using sophisticated techniques of propaganda and conditioning to shape individual beliefs and behavior. This isn't a speculative threat; history provides numerous examples of societies where the absence of a strong moral compass has led to widespread suffering and oppression.

Conclusion: A Call to Re-evaluate Our Values

The Abolition of Man remains a powerful and relevant critique of modern society. Lewis's warning against the dangers of subjectivism and the erosion of objective morality continues to resonate in an age of rapid technological advancement and increasingly fragmented moral landscapes. His call to reaffirm the inherent value of humanity and to rediscover the Tao, the shared moral intuitions that bind us together, is as urgent today as it was in his time. We must engage in critical self-reflection and examine the values that underpin our educational systems and societal structures to ensure we don't pave the way for our own "abolition."

FAQs:

- 1. Is Lewis advocating for a return to religious dogma in The Abolition of Man? No, Lewis argues for a recognition of objective morality that predates and transcends specific religious beliefs. The Tao is presented as a universal human experience, reflected in diverse traditions.
- 2. How does Lewis's critique of education apply to modern educational systems? Many argue that Lewis's concerns about subjectivism and the devaluation of objective moral truths are still relevant today, particularly in the context of certain progressive educational approaches.
- 3. What are the practical implications of Lewis's argument for everyday life? Understanding Lewis's arguments encourages critical thinking about our own moral frameworks, promoting a more thoughtful approach to personal ethics and social responsibility.
- 4. How does The Abolition of Man relate to contemporary political issues? The book's warnings about manipulation and the dangers of unchecked power resonate strongly with current concerns about misinformation, propaganda, and the erosion of democratic institutions.
- 5. Is Lewis's prediction of the "abolition of man" a literal or metaphorical one? Lewis uses "abolition" metaphorically, referring to the loss of humanity's inherent dignity and capacity for objective moral judgment rather than physical annihilation.

abolition of man: The Abolition of Man C. S. Lewis, 2009-06-09 C.S. Lewis's Classic Work that Is Number 7 on National Review's List of "100 Best Nonfiction Books of the Twentieth Century" In The Abolition of Man, C.S. Lewis sets out to persuade his audience of the importance and relevance of universal values such as courage and honor in contemporary society. Both astonishing and prophetic, The Abolition of Man is one of the most debated of Lewis's extraordinary works.

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abolition of man: After Humanity Michael Ward, 2021 After Humanity is a guide to one of C.S. Lewis's most widely admired but least accessible works, The Abolition of Man, which originated as a series of lectures on ethics that he delivered during the Second World War. These lectures tackle the thorny question of whether moral value is objective or not. When we say something is right or wrong, are we recognizing a reality outside ourselves, or merely reporting a subjective sentiment? Lewis addresses the matter from a purely philosophical standpoint, leaving theological matters to one side. He makes a powerful case against subjectivism, issuing an intellectual warning that, in our post-truth twenty-first century, has even more relevance than when he originally presented it. Lewis characterized The Abolition of Man as almost my favourite among my books, and his biographer Walter Hooper has called it an all but indispensable introduction to the entire corpus of Lewisiana. In After Humanity, Michael Ward sheds much-needed light on this important but difficult work, explaining both its general academic context and the particular circumstances in Lewis's life that helped give rise to it, including his front-line service in the trenches of the First World War. After Humanity contains a detailed commentary clarifying the many allusions and quotations scattered throughout Lewis's argument. It shows how this resolutely philosophical thesis fits in with his other, more explicitly Christian works. It also includes a full-color photo gallery, displaying images of people, places, and documents that relate to The Abolition of Man, among them Lewis's original blurb for the book, which has never before been published.

abolition of man: Science Fiction and The Abolition of Man Mark J. Boone, Kevin C. Neece, 2016-12-13 The Abolition of Man, C. S. Lewis's masterpiece in ethics and the philosophy of science,

warns of the danger of combining modern moral skepticism with the technological pursuit of human desires. The end result is the final destruction of human nature. From Brave New World to Star Trek, from steampunk to starships, science fiction film has considered from nearly every conceivable angle the same nexus of morality, technology, and humanity of which C. S. Lewis wrote. As a result, science fiction film has unintentionally given us stunning depictions of Lewis's terrifying vision of the future. In Science Fiction Film and the Abolition of Man, scholars of religion, philosophy, literature, and film explore the connections between sci-fi film and the three parts of Lewis's book: how sci-fi portrays Men without Chests incapable of responding properly to moral good, how it teaches the Tao or The Way, and how it portrays The Abolition of Man.

abolition of man: The Control of Language Alec King, Martin Ketley, 1942-01-01 **abolition of man: The Abolition of Man** Clive Staples Lewis, 1947

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abolition of man: The Abolition of Man: C.S. Lewis's Classic Essay on Objective Morality C. S. Lewis, Michael Ward, 2017-05-08 The Abolition of Man is one of C.S. Lewis's most important and influential works. In three weighty lectures, given at the height of the Second World War, Lewis defends the objectivity of value, pointing to the universal moral law that all great philosophical and religious traditions have recognized. This critical edition, prepared by Michael Ward, helps readers get the most out of Lewis's classic work with an introduction placing the book in the context of his life and times; a fully annotated version of the text; a commentary on key passages; and a set of questions for group discussion or individual reflection. Scholarly, detailed, yet accessible, it is the must-have version of an essential volume.

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abolition of man: The Complete C.S. Lewis Signature Classics C. S. Lewis, 2002-10-22 For the first time ever, these seven essential volumes by C. S. Lewis are available in a single edition. This remarkable book presents the classic works Mere Christianity, The Screwtape Letters, The Great Divorce, The Problem of Pain, Miracles, A Grief Observed, and Lewis's prophetic examination of universal values, The Abolition of Man. Beautiful and timeless, this is a vital collection by one of the greatest literary figures of the twentieth century. Lewis reached a vast audience during his lifetime, and books such as Mere Christianity and The Screwtape Letters continue to be regarded as among the best spiritual writing of all time. With his uncanny grasp of human nature, Lewis offers a refreshing antidote to the modern world's consumerism and moral relativism. This new edition of his

most celebrated books highlights Lewis's compassion for humanity and his relevance for the twenty-first century.

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unprecedented total war, they all thought it vital to restore Christianity to a leading role in the renewal of the Western democracies.

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abolition of man: The Space Trilogy C. S. Lewis, 2014-10-21 Also know as The Cosmic Trilogy, The Space Trilogy is a sci-fi (or science fantasy) epic from the author of The Chronicles of Narnia and The Screwtape Letters. Like Narnia, it approaches religious themes through a genre lens; because of humanity's flawed nature, Earth has been exiled from the rest of the solar system to prevent contamination. The books chronicle a trip to Mars, and then Venus, where man is just developing, and finally return to Earth, which is under the threat of a demonic invasion. Random House of Canada is proud to bring you classic works of literature in ebook form, with the highest quality production values. Find more today and rediscover books you never knew you loved.

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and no aspect of society being at all relevant to women, there remains to civic-minded, responsible, thrill-seeking females only to overthrow the government, eliminate the money system, institute complete automation and destroy the male sex." Outrageous and violent, SCUM Manifesto was widely lambasted when it first appeared in 1968. Valerie Solanas, the woman who shot Andy Warhol, self-published the book just before she became a notorious household name and was confined to a mental institution. But for all its vitriol, it is impossible to dismiss as the mere rantings of a lesbian lunatic. In fact, the work has proved prescient, not only as a radical feminist analysis light years ahead of its time—predicting artificial insemination, ATMs, a feminist uprising against underrepresentation in the arts—but also as a stunning testament to the rage of an abused and destitute woman. In this edition, philosopher Avital Ronell's introduction reconsiders the evocative exuberance of this infamous text.

abolition of man: Summary of C. S. Lewis's The Abolition of Man Everest Media, 2022-07-25T22:59:00Z Please note: This is a companion version & not the original book. Sample Book Insights: #1 The authors of The Green Book, who wrote a book on English for boys and girls in the upper forms of schools, quote the well-known story of Coleridge at the waterfall. They comment that when the man said This is sublime, he was not making a remark about the waterfall but about his own feelings. #2 The authors of The Green Book did not say that all sentences containing a predicate of value are unimportant. They only treated one particular predicate of value, sublime, as a word describing the speaker's emotions. The pupils were left to extend the same treatment to all predicates of value on their own. #3 The schoolboy will learn about literature, but he will learn that all emotions aroused by local association are in themselves contrary to reason and contemptible. He will have no idea that there are two ways of being immune to the lure of the Western Ocean: those who are above it and those who are below it. #4 The teachers Gaius and Titius are using the same method on their students, and they are not even teaching the students about the problems of animal psychology. They are simply explaining that horses are not interested in colonial expansion.

abolition of man: The Abolition of Sanity Steve Turley, 2019-03-22 Why does it seem like the world is falling apart? Everywhere we look today, the world is changing, and not for the better. For many of us, such political and cultural changes have been so dramatic that we no longer recognize our societies anymore. So what's going on? This book has the answer! In this masterful work, 'The Abolition of Man, C.S. Lewis observes how the modern world is in fact changing our conception of what it means to be human by sequestering humanity from the objective values that made us most human. Focusing on modern educational reforms, Lewis noted that instead of virtue formation, modern educational practices perpetuate a mechanistic vision of the world comprised of scientifically inspired control over nature and, as a necessary consequence, humans. HERE'S A PREVIEW OF WHAT YOU'LL LEARN How modernist assumptions about the world differ drastically from classical and Christian ones How modernism is radically reshaping a fundamentally different conception of humanity What role education plays in perpetuating modernist norms about the world How the role of virtue and wisdom formation can become a powerful antidote to these secularizing tendencies And much, much morealong with a whole BONUS SECTION of study questions and answers to group discussion!! In this insightful and thought provoking book, you will discover C.S. Lewis' invitation to challenge the modernist assumptions of our age by rediscovering the doctrine of objective values and, in so doing, you will rediscover a hope for truly human flourishing for generations to come. Get your copy today!

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Man has provoked controversy and debate. Profoundly realistic and important...supremely timely and cogent...the first book to fully fathom the depth and range of the changes now sweeping through the world. —The Washington Post Book World Francis Fukuyama's prescient analysis of religious fundamentalism, politics, scientific progress, ethical codes, and war is as essential for a world fighting fundamentalist terrorists as it was for the end of the Cold War. Now updated with a new afterword, The End of History and the Last Man is a modern classic.

abolition of man: Awaking Wonder Sally Clarkson, 2020-08-18 Sally, what is your secret? For years, parents worldwide have asked beloved author Sally Clarkson how she and her husband have ignited a love for learning and a deep faith in their children. They want to know how the Clarksons launched their children to live such vibrant, flourishing lives as adults. Awaking Wonder is Sally's answer to those questions. This book is thirty-six years in the making and provides a deep dive into Sally's most profound legacy: nurturing and guiding her four children into a wonder-filled life. If you are idealistic and hopeful about the process of raising your children to be healthy and vibrant, you will find encouragement through the Clarksons' story. If you are exhausted, confused, ill equipped, or unsupported in your journey as a parent, you will find relief through the countless ideas in this book. Awaking Wonder will inspire you, delight you, provide laughter, and bring tears through the heartfelt stories of four lively children and the wondrous life they grew up in together. Journey with Sally toward · cultivating wonder all around you, alongside your children · understanding how to open your children's hearts and minds to the grand design, beauty, and goodness scattered throughout the universe · laying a foundation for spiritual formation and a robust faith in God · nurturing your children to live into their capacity in intellect, faith, and relationships If you long for a holistic, spiritually foundational approach to parenting and education, this is the book you've been waiting for. The companion guide, The Awaking Wonder Experience, will help you apply Sally's principles in life-changing ways.

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Abolitionism - Wikipedia

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