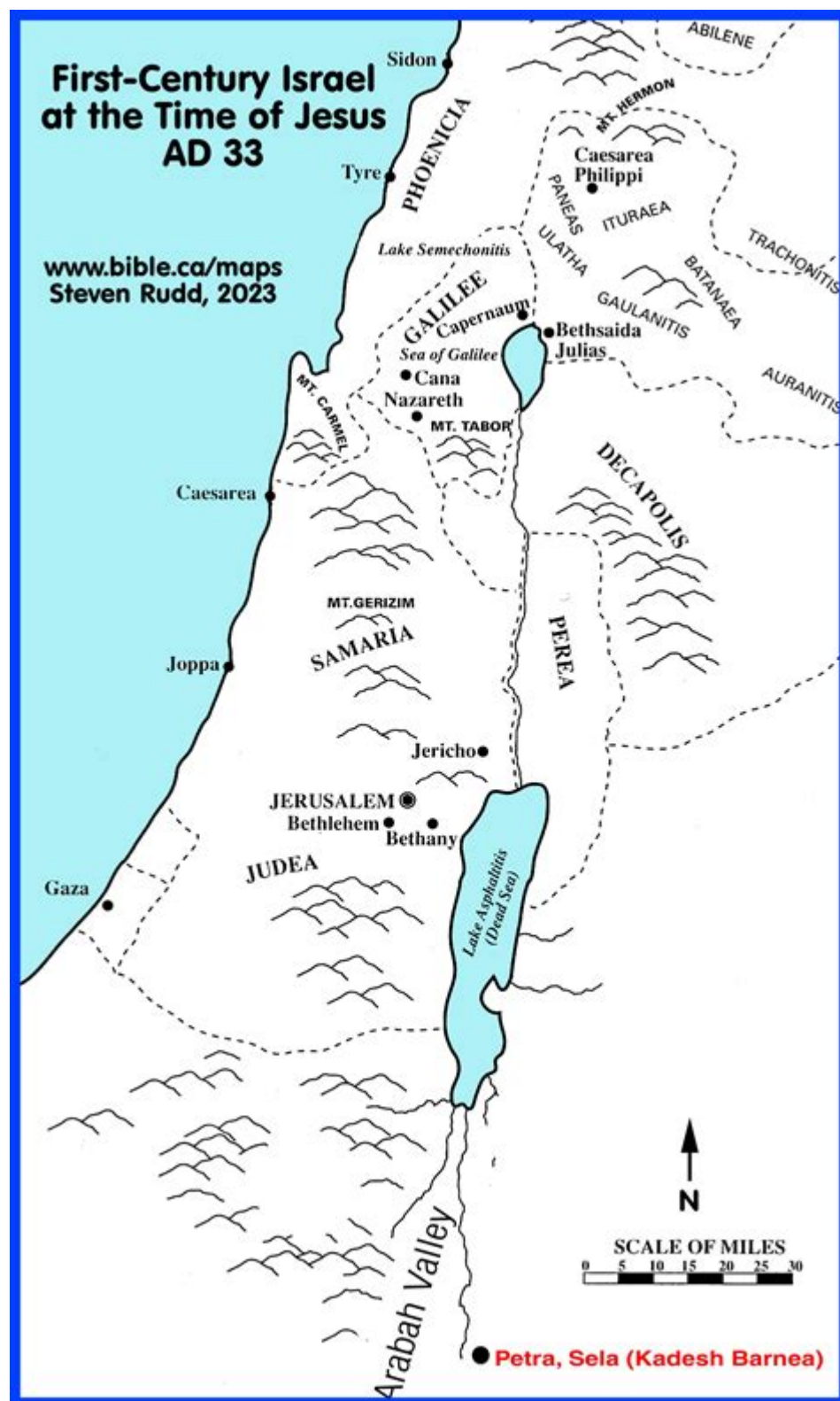


# Palestine At The Time Of Jesus



# Palestine at the Time of Jesus: A Journey Back in Time

Stepping back two millennia, we find ourselves in the turbulent and fascinating world of Palestine at the time of Jesus. This period, encompassing the first century CE, was a melting pot of cultures, religions, and political tensions that profoundly shaped the life and ministry of Jesus, as well as the

early development of Christianity. This post will delve into the political landscape, the social structures, the religious landscape, and the daily life of the people living in this pivotal region during Jesus's lifetime. By exploring these facets, we'll gain a richer understanding of the historical context that framed the life and teachings of Jesus.

## **The Political Landscape: A Land Under Roman Rule**

Palestine at the time of Jesus was not an independent nation. Instead, it was under the control of the Roman Empire, a superpower that exerted its influence through a complex system of governance.

### **Roman Administration:**

The Roman province of Judea, where Jesus primarily ministered, was directly governed by Roman prefects, appointed by the Emperor in Rome. These prefects held significant authority, responsible for maintaining order, collecting taxes, and administering justice. The most well-known prefect during Jesus's lifetime was Pontius Pilate, whose actions regarding Jesus are famously documented in the Gospels.

### **Herod's Dynasty and its Legacy:**

While Roman authority was supreme, local power structures still played a crucial role. The Herodian dynasty, a client kingdom of Rome, retained considerable influence. Herod the Great, known for his lavish building projects in Jerusalem and his brutal actions, had established a kingdom encompassing Judea, Galilee, and other regions. After his death, his kingdom was divided amongst his sons, leading to a fragmented and often unstable political situation. This internal conflict, coupled with Roman rule, created a climate of tension and unrest.

## **Social Structures: A Multi-Layered Society**

Palestinian society during the first century CE was a complex tapestry of social classes and groups.

### **The Elite:**

At the top were the wealthy elite, including members of the priestly aristocracy in Jerusalem, Roman officials, and some wealthy landowners. They enjoyed considerable privilege and influence, often

collaborating with Roman authorities.

## **The Common People:**

The majority of the population comprised peasants, farmers, and artisans. They lived relatively simple lives, often struggling with poverty and economic hardship. Many were subject to heavy taxation and faced oppression from both Roman and local authorities.

## **Religious Groups:**

Beyond social classes, religious affiliation played a major role in shaping identity and social interaction. Judaism itself was diverse, encompassing various sects, including the Pharisees, Sadducees, and Essenes, each holding distinct beliefs and practices. These groups often clashed over religious interpretations and power within Jewish society.

## **The Religious Landscape: A Time of Ferment**

The religious landscape of first-century Palestine was vibrant and dynamic.

## **Judaism's Diverse Sects:**

Judaism was far from monolithic. The Pharisees, known for their emphasis on oral law and meticulous observance of Jewish traditions, held significant influence. The Sadducees, primarily comprised of the priestly aristocracy, adhered more strictly to the written Torah and held less sway amongst the general population. The Essenes, a more reclusive community, practiced a strict form of piety and are believed to be associated with the Dead Sea Scrolls.

## **The Rise of Early Christianity:**

The emergence of early Christianity took place within this context. The teachings of Jesus, emphasizing love, compassion, and forgiveness, resonated deeply with many, challenging the established religious and political order. This new faith, born within Judaism, eventually spread beyond its initial boundaries to become a global religion.

# Daily Life in First-Century Palestine:

Daily life for the average person in Palestine was largely shaped by their social and economic circumstances. Agriculture was the primary source of livelihood for most, with farming, fishing, and animal husbandry providing sustenance. Cities like Jerusalem and Sepphoris served as important centers of commerce and religious activity. Travel was often arduous, and communication was limited. The overall standard of living was simple, with poverty being a pervasive reality for many.

## Conclusion

Understanding Palestine at the time of Jesus provides crucial context for interpreting the Gospels and appreciating the historical setting of Jesus's ministry. The complex interplay of Roman rule, social hierarchies, diverse religious groups, and daily life challenges offers a deeper appreciation of the significance of Jesus's message and its impact on the world. By exploring these facets, we can gain a more nuanced and informed perspective on this pivotal period in history.

## FAQs:

1. What language was spoken in Palestine at the time of Jesus? Aramaic was the common language of the people, while Greek and Latin were also used, particularly in administration and commerce.
2. What was the role of women in Palestinian society during this period? While women's roles were largely defined by family and domestic life, some women held positions of influence and authority within religious or social circles.
3. How did the Roman occupation affect daily life in Palestine? Roman rule brought significant taxation, occasional violence, and the imposition of Roman laws and customs. It also facilitated trade and the spread of ideas throughout the empire.
4. What was the significance of Jerusalem during this time? Jerusalem was not only the religious center for Judaism, but also a strategically important city for the Romans, making it a focal point of both religious and political tension.
5. How accurate are the historical accounts of Palestine during Jesus's time? The historical accuracy of accounts varies. While the Gospels provide essential information about Jesus's life, they must be interpreted alongside other historical and archaeological evidence to gain a complete picture. Roman records offer valuable insights into the political context. Archaeological discoveries continue to enrich our understanding of daily life in this period.

**palestine at the time of jesus: Palestine in the Time of Jesus** K. C. Hanson, Douglas E. Oakman, 2008-07-15 Hanson and Oakman's award-winning and enormously illuminating volume quickly has become a widely used and cited introduction to the social context of the early Jesus movement. This new printing augments the text with multiple features on an accompanying CD-ROM.

**palestine at the time of jesus: Daily Life in Palestine at the Time of Christ** Henri Daniel-Rops, 2002 The celebrated French Academician, Henri Daniel-Rops, recreates the world that gave birth to Christianity. The people who lived in Palestine at the time of Christ become flesh and blood with occupations, families and homes. You will sympathize with them, like them or dislike them. Even the land with its particular kinds of birds singing and its particular flowers and crops growing in its soil are reconstructed to give a full understanding of these people and their turbulent times. Daniel-Rops also brings to light the political, economic, scientific and cultural currents of the period. The events that preceded and surrounded the coming of Christ and the spread of Christianity are illuminated with immense scholarship and moving description, giving a clear picture of Christ among his people and in his time.

**palestine at the time of jesus: The Impact of Jesus in First-Century Palestine** Rosemary Margaret Luff, 2019-08-15 Uses archaeological and textual evidence to clarify the nature of Galilean discontent and the advent of Jesus' eschatological ministry.

**palestine at the time of jesus: A Historico-geographical Account of Palestine in the Time of Christ** Johann Friedrich Röhr, 1843

**palestine at the time of jesus: Reading and Writing in the Time of Jesus** Allan Millard, 2005-04-01 Jesus never wrote a book. Most scholars assume that information about Jesus was preserved only orally up until the writing of the Gospels, allowing ample time for the stories of Jesus to grow and diversify. Alan Millard here argues that written reports about Jesus could have been made during his lifetime and that some among his audiences and followers may very well have kept notes, first-hand documents that the Evangelists could weave into their narratives.

**palestine at the time of jesus: Daily Life in Palestine at the Time of Christ** Henri Daniel-Rops, 1962

**palestine at the time of jesus: Jesus and the Politics of Roman Palestine** Richard A. Horsley, 2021-11-11 In *Jesus and the Politics of Roman Palestine*, Richard A. Horsley offers one of the most comprehensive critical analyses of Jesus of Nazareth's mission and how he became a significant historical figure. Horsley brings a fuller historical knowledge of the context and implications of recent research to bear on the investigation of the historical Jesus. Breaking with the standard focus on isolated individual sayings of Jesus, Horsley argues that the sources for Jesus in historical interaction are the Gospels and the speeches of Jesus that they include, read critically in their historical context. This work challenges the standard assumptions that the historical Jesus has been presented primarily as a sage or apocalyptic visionary. In contrast, based on a critical reconsideration of the Gospels and contemporary sources for Roman imperial rule in Judea and Galilee, Horsley argues that Jesus was fully involved in the conflicted politics of ancient Palestine. Learning from anthropological studies of the more subtle forms of peasant politics, Horsley discerns from these sources how Jesus, as a Moses- and Elijah-like prophet, generated a movement of renewal in Israel that was focused on village communities. This paperback edition is updated with a new preface, bibliography, and indexes.

**palestine at the time of jesus: What Did Jesus Look Like?** Joan E. Taylor, 2018-02-08 Jesus Christ is arguably the most famous man who ever lived. His image adorns countless churches, icons, and paintings. He is the subject of millions of statues, sculptures, devotional objects and works of art. Everyone can conjure an image of Jesus: usually as a handsome, white man with flowing locks and pristine linen robes. But what did Jesus really look like? Is our popular image of Jesus overly westernized and untrue to historical reality? This question continues to fascinate. Leading Christian Origins scholar Joan E. Taylor surveys the historical evidence, and the prevalent image of Jesus in art and culture, to suggest an entirely different vision of this most famous of men. He may even have

had short hair.

**palestine at the time of jesus:** *Galilee in the Time of Christ* Selah Merrill, 1885

**palestine at the time of jesus:** *Did Jesus Speak Greek?* G. Scott Gleaves, 2015-05-12 Did Jesus speak Greek? An affirmative answer to the question will no doubt challenge traditional presuppositions. The question relates directly to the historical preservation of Jesus's words and theology. Traditionally, the authenticity of Jesus's teaching has been linked to the recovery of the original Aramaic that presumably underlies the Gospels. The Aramaic Hypothesis infers that the Gospels represent theological expansions, religious propaganda, or blatant distortions of Jesus's teachings. Consequently, uncovering the original Aramaic of Jesus's teachings will separate the historical Jesus from the mythical personality. G. Scott Gleaves, in *Did Jesus Speak Greek?*, contends that the Aramaic Hypothesis is inadequate as an exclusive criterion of historical Jesus studies and does not aptly take into consideration the multilingual culture of first-century Palestine. Evidence from archaeological, literary, and biblical data demonstrates Greek linguistic dominance in Roman Palestine during the first century CE. Such preponderance of evidence leads not only to the conclusion that Jesus and his disciples spoke Greek but also to the recognition that the Greek New Testament generally and the Gospel of Matthew in particular were original compositions and not translations of underlying Aramaic sources.

**palestine at the time of jesus: Two Thousand Years Ago** Charles A. Frazee, 2002 The story of Jesus dominates the history of the first century AD in the Near East, but what was happening elsewhere at this time? This book puts the life of Jesus and the events associated with him within a world context, not in terms of Jesus' world influence, which did not exist at this time, but purely as a means of interesting comparison.

**palestine at the time of jesus:** *Geographical Pamphlet* Martha Tarbell, 1907

**palestine at the time of jesus: Revival: Religious Thought in Palestine in the time of Christ (1931)** T.H. Bindley, 2018-05-08 This book is an attempt to bring together from many sources some of the more prominent features of the social, religious, and literary background of the New Testament – an endeavour to capture so far as is possible the atmosphere of thought and feeling in which our Lord and His contemporaries lived.

**palestine at the time of jesus: A Child in Palestine** Naji Al-Ali, 2024-09-17 Naji al-Ali grew up in the Palestinian refugee camp of Ain al-Hilweh in the south Lebanese city of Sidon, where his gift for drawing was discovered by the Palestinian poet Ghassan Kanafani in the late 1950s. Early the following decade he left for Kuwait, embarking on a thirty-year career that would see his cartoons published daily in newspapers from Cairo to Beirut, London to Paris. Resolutely independent and unaligned to any political party, Naji al-Ali strove to speak to and for the ordinary Arab people; the pointed satire of his stark, symbolic cartoons brought him widespread renown. Through his most celebrated creation, the witness-child Handala, al-Ali criticized the brutality of Israeli occupation, the venality and corruption of the regimes in the region, and the suffering of the Palestinian people, earning him many powerful enemies and the soubriquet “the Palestinian Malcolm X.” For the first time in book form, *A Child in Palestine* presents the work of one of the Arab world’s greatest cartoonists, revered throughout the region for his outspokenness, honesty and humanity. “That was when the character Handala was born. The young, barefoot Handala was a symbol of my childhood. He was the age I was when I had left Palestine and, in a sense, I am still that age today and I feel that I can recall and sense every bush, every stone, every house and every tree I passed when I was a child in Palestine. The character of Handala was a sort of icon that protected my soul from falling whenever I felt sluggish or I was ignoring my duty. That child was like a splash of fresh water on my forehead, bringing me to attention and keeping me from error and loss. He was the arrow of the compass, pointing steadily towards Palestine. Not just Palestine in geographical terms, but Palestine in its humanitarian sense—the symbol of a just cause, whether it is located in Egypt, Vietnam or South Africa.”—Naji al-Ali, in conversation with Radwa Ashour

**palestine at the time of jesus:** *Through Bible Lands* Philip Schaff, 1878

**palestine at the time of jesus: Antiquities of the Jews** Flavius Josephus, 2020-09-28

**palestine at the time of jesus:** The Aryan Jesus Susannah Heschel, 2010-10-03 Was Jesus a Nazi? During the Third Reich, German Protestant theologians, motivated by racism and tapping into traditional Christian anti-Semitism, redefined Jesus as an Aryan and Christianity as a religion at war with Judaism. In 1939, these theologians established the Institute for the Study and Eradication of Jewish Influence on German Religious Life. In *The Aryan Jesus*, Susannah Heschel shows that during the Third Reich, the Institute became the most important propaganda organ of German Protestantism, exerting a widespread influence and producing a nazified Christianity that placed anti-Semitism at its theological center. Based on years of archival research, *The Aryan Jesus* examines the membership and activities of this controversial theological organization. With headquarters in Eisenach, the Institute sponsored propaganda conferences throughout the Nazi Reich and published books defaming Judaism, including a dejudaized version of the New Testament and a catechism proclaiming Jesus as the savior of the Aryans. Institute members--professors of theology, bishops, and pastors--viewed their efforts as a vital support for Hitler's war against the Jews. Heschel looks in particular at Walter Grundmann, the Institute's director and a professor of the New Testament at the University of Jena. Grundmann and his colleagues formed a community of like-minded Nazi Christians who remained active and continued to support each other in Germany's postwar years. *The Aryan Jesus* raises vital questions about Christianity's recent past and the ambivalent place of Judaism in Christian thought.

**palestine at the time of jesus:** Biblical Geography and History Charles Foster Kent, 1916

**palestine at the time of jesus:** Zealot Reza Aslan, 2013-07-16 #1 NEW YORK TIMES BESTSELLER • "A lucid, intelligent page-turner" (Los Angeles Times) that challenges long-held assumptions about Jesus, from the host of Believer Two thousand years ago, an itinerant Jewish preacher walked across the Galilee, gathering followers to establish what he called the "Kingdom of God." The revolutionary movement he launched was so threatening to the established order that he was executed as a state criminal. Within decades after his death, his followers would call him God. Sifting through centuries of mythmaking, Reza Aslan sheds new light on one of history's most enigmatic figures by examining Jesus through the lens of the tumultuous era in which he lived. Balancing the Jesus of the Gospels against the historical sources, Aslan describes a man full of conviction and passion, yet rife with contradiction. He explores the reasons the early Christian church preferred to promulgate an image of Jesus as a peaceful spiritual teacher rather than a politically conscious revolutionary. And he grapples with the riddle of how Jesus understood himself, the mystery that is at the heart of all subsequent claims about his divinity. *Zealot* yields a fresh perspective on one of the greatest stories ever told even as it affirms the radical and transformative nature of Jesus' life and mission. Praise for *Zealot* "Riveting . . . Aslan synthesizes Scripture and scholarship to create an original account."—The New Yorker "Fascinatingly and convincingly drawn . . . Aslan may come as close as one can to respecting those who revere Jesus as the peace-loving, turn-the-other-cheek, true son of God depicted in modern Christianity, even as he knocks down that image."—The Seattle Times "[Aslan's] literary talent is as essential to the effect of *Zealot* as are his scholarly and journalistic chops. . . . A vivid, persuasive portrait."—Salon "This tough-minded, deeply political book does full justice to the real Jesus, and honors him in the process."—San Francisco Chronicle "A special and revealing work, one that believer and skeptic alike will find surprising, engaging, and original."—Jon Meacham, Pulitzer Prize-winning author of *Thomas Jefferson: The Art of Power* "Compulsively readable . . . This superb work is highly recommended."—Publishers Weekly (starred review)

**palestine at the time of jesus:** Jesus Jay Parini, 2013 Profiles Jesus Christ as the human face of God, taking into the account the multiple ways his life has been viewed and retold, and dramatizing the transformation from a man to a myth.

**palestine at the time of jesus:** The Land Called Holy Robert Louis Wilken, 1992-01-01 Drawing on both primary texts and archaeology, Wilken traces the Christian conception of a Holy Land from its origins in the Hebrew Bible to the Muslim conquest of Jerusalem in the seventh century.

**palestine at the time of jesus:** *From Time Immemorial* Joan Peters, 1985 Dispels the myth that Arabs and Jews lived together peacefully in former days in the Arab countries and examines Jewish and Arab immigration patterns.

**palestine at the time of jesus: Jerusalem in the time of Jesus: an investigation into economic and social conditions during the New Testament period** Joachim Jeremias,

**palestine at the time of jesus: Legacy of Islamic Antisemitism** Andrew G. Bostom, M.D., 2011-11-29 Exceedingly well organized and extensively documented....-CHOICEThe publication of the present anthology of primary sources and secondary studies on the theme of Muslim antisemitism is a groundbreaking event of major scholarly, cultural, and political significance. Editor Andrew Bostom has mined the relevant literature to produce the fullest record on this subject in existence. After the publication of his work, all the oft-repeated, but erroneous misunderstandings of a tolerant Islam, and of a medieval Jewish-Muslim "golden age" will need to be permanently retired. Everyone interested in Jewish and Islamic history, as well as current events in the Middle East, should read this book - and soon.-Steven T. Katz, Director, Elie Wiesel Center for Judaic Studies, Boston University, and author of *Post-Holocaust Dialogues* and *The Holocaust in Historical Context*The antisemitism of the Muslim Middle East that we hear, see, and experience daily - from the racist cartoons to the constant chorus of "pigs and apes" - is often attributed to European origins, as if the radical Muslim world learned this endemic hatred through the tragedy of imperialism and colonialism. In fact, a deep suspicion and frequent loathing of Jews is deeply rooted in the Middle East, antedating European rule and sometimes evidenced in passages in the Koran and early holy Islamic texts.... Andrew Bostom produces a vast literature of Middle Eastern Islamic antisemitism, and critics may be as surprised at his conclusions as they are unable to refute his carefully compiled corpus of evidence.-Victor Davis Hanson, Senior Fellow, The Hoover Institution, Stanford University, author of *Carnage and Culture* and *A War Like No Other*This comprehensive, meticulously documented collection of scholarly articles presents indisputable evidence that a readily discernible, uniquely Islamic antisemitism-a specific Muslim hatred of Jews-has been expressed continuously since the advent of Islam. Debunking the conventional wisdom, which continues to assert that Muslim animosity toward Jews is entirely a 20th-century phenomenon fueled mainly by the protracted Arab-Israeli conflict, leading scholars provide example after example of antisemitic motifs in Muslim documents reaching back to the beginnings of Islam.The contributors show that the Koran itself is a significant source of hostility toward Jews, as well as other foundational Muslim texts including the hadith (the words and deeds of Muhammad as recorded by pious Muslim transmitters) and the sira (the earliest Muslim biographies of Muhammad). Many other examples are adduced in the writings of influential Muslim jurists, theologians, and scholars, from the Middle Ages through the contemporary era.These primary sources, and seminal secondary analyses translated here for the first time into English-such as Hartwig Hirschfeld's mid-1880s essays on Muhammad's subjugation of the Jews of Medina and George Vajda's elegant, comprehensive 1937 study of the hadith-detail the sacralized rationale for Islam's anti-Jewish bigotry. Numerous complementary historical accounts illustrate the resulting plight of Jewish communities in the Muslim world across space and time, culminating in the genocidal threat posed to the Jews of Israel today.Scholars, educators, and interested lay readers will find this collection an invaluable resource for understanding the phenomenon of Muslim antisemitism, past and present.FURTHER PRAISE FOR THE LEGACY OF ISLAMIC ANTISEMITISM:Stimulating and informative: a fascinating and disturbing voyage of historical discovery.... It is magnificent.-Martin Gilbert, official biographer of Winston ChurchillAuthor of *Never Again: A History of the Holocaust*and *The Jews of Arab Lands: Their History in Maps*[Bostom's] eye-opening anthology should become an essential resource.-Ilan Stavans, Lewis-Sebring Professor in Latin American and Latino Culture and Five-College 40th Anniversary Professor, Amherst CollegeDr. Andrew Bostom has written a

**palestine at the time of jesus:** *Röhr's Historico-Geographical Account of Palestine In The Time of Christ* Johann Friedrich Röhr, Smith Eli, 2024-04-17 Reprint of the original, first published in



1843.

**palestine at the time of jesus: The Myth of a Gentile Galilee** Mark A. Chancey, 2002-05-23  
The Myth of a Gentile Galilee is the most thorough synthesis to date of archaeological and literary evidence relating to the population of Galilee in the first-century CE. The book demonstrates that, contrary to the perceptions of many New Testament scholars, the overwhelming majority of first-century Galileans were Jews. Utilizing the gospels, the writings of Josephus, and published archaeological excavation reports, Mark A. Chancey traces the historical development of the region's population and examines in detail specific cities and villages, finding ample indications of Jewish inhabitants and virtually none for gentiles. He argues that any New Testament scholarship that attempts to contextualize the Historical Jesus or the Jesus movement in Galilee must acknowledge and pay due attention to the region's predominantly Jewish milieu. This accessible book will be of interest to New Testament scholars as well as scholars of Judaica, Syro-Palestinian archaeology, and the Roman Near East.

**palestine at the time of jesus: The New Testament in Its World Workbook** N. T. Wright, Michael F. Bird, 2019-11-19 This workbook accompanies The New Testament in Its World by N. T. Wright and Michael F. Bird. Following the textbook's structure, it offers assessment questions, exercises, and activities designed to support the students' learning experience. Reinforcing the teaching in the textbook, this workbook will not only help to enhance their understanding of the New Testament books as historical, literary, and social phenomena located in the world of early Christianity, but also guide them to think like a first-century believer while reading the text responsibly for today.

**palestine at the time of jesus: Stone and Dung, Oil and Spit** Jodi Magness, 2011-04-12 The intersection of archaeology and text in the late Second Temple period -- 2. Purifying the body and hands -- 3. Creeping and swarming creatures, locusts, fish, dogs, chickens, and pigs -- 4. Household vessels: pottery, oil lamps, glass, stone, and dung -- 5. Dining customs and communal meals -- 6. Sabbath observance and fasting -- 7. Coins -- 8. Clothing and tzitzit -- 9. Oil and spit -- 10. Toilets and toilet habits -- 11. Tombs and burial customs -- 12. Epilogue: the aftermath of 70.

**palestine at the time of jesus: The Roman Army and the New Testament** Christopher B. Zeichmann, 2018-10-31 Though New Testament scholars have written extensively on the Roman Empire, the topic of the military has been conspicuously neglected, leading many academics to defer to popular wisdom. Against this trend, The Roman Army and the New Testament provides a clear discussion of issues that are often taken for granted: Who served in the military of early Roman Palestine? Why did men join the Roman army, seemingly at odds with their own interests as subject peoples? What roles did soldiers serve beyond combat? How did civilians interact with and perceive soldiers? These questions are answered through careful analysis of ancient literature, inscriptions, papyri, and archaeological findings to paint a detailed portrait of soldier-civilian interactions in early Roman Palestine. Contrary to common assumption, Judaea and Galilee were not crawling with Roman legionaries with a penchant for cruelty. Rather, a diverse mix of men from Palestine and nearby regions served as soldiers in a variety of social roles: infrastructure construction, dispute mediation, bodyguarding officials like tax-collectors, etc. Readers will discover a variety of complex attitudes civilians held toward men of Roman violence throughout the Roman East. The importance of these historical issues for biblical scholarship is demonstrated through a verse-by-verse commentary on relevant passages that stretches across the entire New Testament, from the Slaughter of the Innocents in Matthew's nativity to the climactic battle with the Great Beast in Revelation. Biblical scholars, seminarians, and military enthusiasts will find much to learn about the Roman army in both the New Testament and early Roman Palestine.

**palestine at the time of jesus: A History of the Jewish People in the Time of Jesus Christ** Emil Schürer, 1896

**palestine at the time of jesus: The Origin and Permanent Value of the Old Testament** Charles Foster Kent, 1906

**palestine at the time of jesus: Daily Life in the Time of Jesus** Henri Daniel-Rops,

1981-03-01

**palestine at the time of jesus: Judaism Before Jesus** Anthony J. Tomasino, 2003-10-17  
Highlighting the ideas, subplots and characters that shaped the world of Jesus and the first Christians, Anthony J. Tomasino skillfully retells the story of Judaism before Jesus, from the time of Ezra and Nehemiah to the Herods, and even up to Masada.

**palestine at the time of jesus: A Palestinian Theology of Liberation** Ateek, Naim Stifan, 2017-10-12

**palestine at the time of jesus: Jesus and the Spiral of Violence** Richard A. Horsley, 1987  
**palestine at the time of jesus: Then and Now Bible Maps** Rose Publishing, 2007-02-21  
Where are the Bible lands today? Where were Iraq and Iran in Bible times? The answers to these questions and countless others are found in the bestselling pamphlet *Then & Now Bible Maps*. This full-color, fold-out reference tool contains 17 Bible maps that show ancient cities and countries in black with modern-day boundaries marked in red. Fantastic for comparing places in the news with places in the Bible. Size: 8.5x 5.5 unfolds to 38 long. Fits inside most Bible covers. Teachers love the amazing *Then & Now Bible Maps* reference tool. Seventeen maps make the Bible more relevant and more meaningful by providing visual context. Show students where Persia is today and the places Paul's first missionary journey would take him if traveling the same route today. Help them understand the biblical geographic context of the places they hear in the news every day. Here are a few of the maps included in this incredible resource: The Middle East map during Bible Times and Today The Assyrian Empire, Babylonian Kingdoms and Persian Empire The Holy Land Map Then and Now Places of Jesus' Ministry Then and Now Then & Now Bible Maps pamphlet makes it easy to compare Bible times with modern times. On each of the 17 maps, modern-day cities and countries appear in red type or red underline if the name has remained the same. The maps provide helpful historic information. For example: The Holy Land: Then (1300 BC--Twelve Tribes) and Now (modern times) uses color coding to show Canaan divided by the Twelve Tribes, and also shows the historical and modern-day names of cities within the regions occupied by the Twelve Tribes Paul's Journeys: Then (AD 47-62) and Now (modern times) show one of the Seven Churches of Asia (Rev. 1-3), cities, towns, ancient ruins, mountains, modern capital cities and a key for measuring the distance traveled from city to city Empires & Kingdoms: Then and Now shows the changing boundaries of the Assyrian Empire, Babylonian Kingdom, and Persian Empire

**palestine at the time of jesus: *Introducing the New Testament*** Mark Allan Powell, 2018-05-15  
This lively, engaging introduction to the New Testament is critical yet faith-friendly, lavishly illustrated, and accompanied by a variety of pedagogical aids, including sidebars, maps, tables, charts, diagrams, and suggestions for further reading. The full-color interior features art from around the world that illustrates the New Testament's impact on history and culture. The first edition has been well received (over 60,000 copies sold). This new edition has been thoroughly revised in response to professor feedback and features an updated interior design. It offers expanded coverage of the New Testament world in a new chapter on Jewish backgrounds, features dozens of new works of fine art from around the world, and provides extensive new online material for students and professors available through Baker Academic's Textbook eSources.

**palestine at the time of jesus: *Judea Trembles Under Rome*** Edwina Cwens, Rudolph R. Windsor, 1994-01-01

**palestine at the time of jesus: *Discipling in a Multicultural World*** Ajith Fernando, 2019-02-14  
Our multicultural world needs countercultural disciplers. People from all over the world are coming to Christ from a variety of backgrounds. This requires more people who are willing to commit to the effort and sacrifice it takes to invest in new believers. Rooted in over four decades of multicultural discipleship experience, Ajith Fernando offers biblical principles for discipling and presents examples showing how they apply to daily life and ministry. He addresses key cultural challenges, such as the value of honor and shame, honoring family commitments, and dealing with persecution, and helps us think realistically about the cost and commitment required for productive cross-cultural ministry. This practical guide to discipleship will help us help others grow into mature and godly

followers of Christ.

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#### *Palestine (region) - Wikipedia*

It includes the modern states of Israel and Palestine, and some definitions include parts of northwestern Jordan. Other names for the region include Canaan, the Promised Land, the ...

#### Palestine | HISTORY , Religion & Conflicts | HISTORY

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